# MANAGEMENT OF CHEST TRAUMA

DR SEYEDMOHAMMADALI HESAMI
ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR OF THORACIC
SURGERY kums

## Initial management

- The initial management
- ABC air way and neck protection
- breathing
- circulation
- The goal of primary survey identify and treat conditions that are immedate treat of life

#### AIR WAY

- Air way obstruction tounge and foreign bodies and airway injuries
- GCS below 8 consider intubation

## Air way

- No needs for intervention in conssious patient with normal voice without tachypnea except:
- Expanding hematoma in neck
- Extensive subcutaneous emphysema
- Chemical and thermal injuries
- Complex maxillofacial trauma
- Airway bleeding

# Air way

Neck immobilization:

Cervical hard collar

Sand bags on both sides of head with taping of fore head

Not recommended for penetrating neck trauma

## Breathing

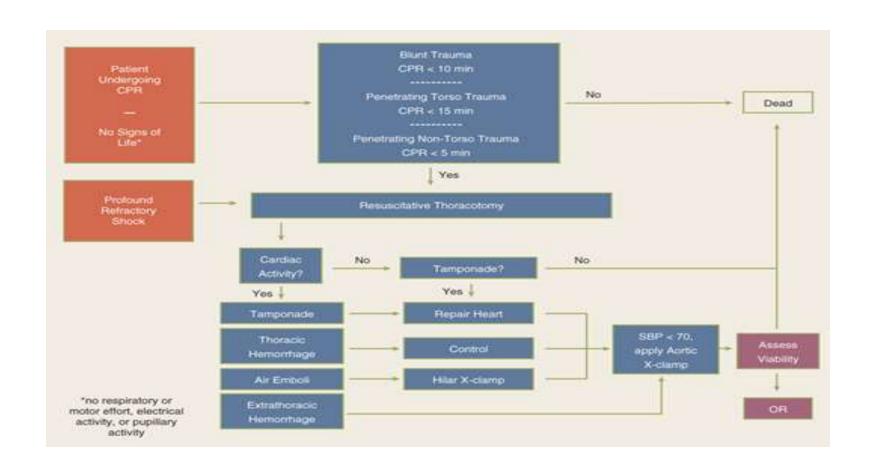
- Breathing tension pneumothorax
- open pneumothorax
- massive airleak from tracheo bronchial tree
- flail chest with contusion

#### Circulation

- Hemorrhagic shock
- External source: skull limbs etc
- Internal :chest:massive hemothorax abdomen:massive hemoperitoneum pelvis:unstable pelvic fracture

## Cardiogenic shock

- Cardiac tamponade
- Rarely MI due to previous history



# Indications for operation

- Chest tube drainage >1000cc penetrating >1500cc blunt trauma
- Ongoing drainage>200cc for three consecutive houres
- Cacked hemothorax
- Tamponade
- Cardiac herniation
- Massive air leak
- Tracheal and main bronchus
- Great vessel injuries
- Open pneumothorax
- Esophageal perforation
- Air embolism

## important

 Patient who presents after delay with chest drainage 1500cc but darinage ceased lung completely reexpands hemodynamicaly stable may be managed non operatively

## Diaphragmatic rupture

- Blunt most in left and large
- Penetrating equal in both side usually small an may diagnose late
- Approach from abdomen

### Traumatic pneumatocele

- Post traumatic pulmonary pseudocyst
- Diagnose with ct-scan
- May become infected fever leucocytosis
- Antibiotic CT guided drainge if unresolving surgery